

GEO. CRAIG & CO.

Have decided to commence business in
WINNIPEG,
 And to dispose of their immense stock at
ACTUAL COST,

Consisting of one of the Largest Stocks of Dry Goods, etc., etc., west of Winnipeg. These goods must be sold by January 15th, 1887. We don't wish to pack and remove this stock, besides we require the cash to carry out our business projects, to effect this we call upon one and all to save money,

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

As well as every consumer of goods to inspect our stock and prices.

IN SIX WEEKS

Time this business will be closed. All goods marked in RED INK showing at a glance the tremendous bargains offered. This is no ordinary clearing sale REEEMBER.

Geo. CRAIG & Co.

Charles Head, of Rapid City, received a bad fall in McAdams' gut mill in course of erecting in that place, on Friday, and it is doubtful whether he will recover from the injuries he received.

The mysteries of the ballot are unique, look at them as you may. We heard on every hand, during the past three weeks, the most flattering remarks on the success of Mr. Hughes as a candidate, and apparently everybody was convinced that on Tuesday last he would have headed the poll in his ward. But what are the facts? One hundred and sixteen men voted and the returns stood Alexander, 73; Hughes, 63; McKenna, 50; and Kirkpatrick, 8. According to our best information Mr. McKenna got two plumpers and Mr. Hughes received one. There then must have been about 30 plumpers cast for Mr. Alexander. Now we believe Mr. Alexander merits every vote cast for him, but why people who speak so highly of Mr. Hughes' record should repudiate his election by withholding their ballots from him is a something that we cannot understand. Now supposing the electors who specially favored Mr. McKenna's candidature did for him what Mr. Alexander's special friends did for that gentleman, and plumped, the certainty is that Mr. Hughes, the man of all others the electors desired to see at the head board, would have been left on the stable. This is not the right way to do business, every elector ought to go to the full extent of his franchise in such cases, and thus prevent the possibility of serious mistakes. Sensible electors would take a lesson from this.

WHITEWATER MUNICIPALITY.

Council met at Mr. Gibson's, Dec. 6th. Members all present, receive in the chair. Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed.

MOTION.

Walker-Miller That the sec-tress, be authorized to refer to W. Clarke to the River-side council, as the lands were assessed by that municipality for 1883.—Carried.

Thompson-That Messrs. Hand be allowed to do their share labor for 1886 along with next year's labor.—Carried.

Walker-Thompson-That the following accounts be accepted and paid:
 Judge Walker, \$3; Brandon Matt, \$5;
 R. D. Richardson, \$2.10; David Gibson, \$20; the reeve, salary, \$50; Coun. Macguire, \$34.05; Coun. Thompson, \$20.80; Coun. Lee, \$24; Coun. Miller, \$16.80; Coun. Angus, \$14; Coun. Walker, \$24; sec-tress, \$114.—Carried.

Macguire-Thompson-That there be one assessor appointed for the municipality at a salary of \$15, this to include attendance at the selection of jurors.

Angus-Walker-In amendment, that there be two assessors appointed for the municipality at a salary of \$15 each, this to include attendance at selection of jurors.—Carried.

J. C. R. WRIGHTMAN.

None Better.

There is no more wholesome or delicious fruit on earth than the wild strawberry, and there is no more effective remedy for cholera, dysentery, cramps, and other summer complaints of infants or adults, than Dr. Fowler's extract of wild strawberry.

The dog is not so much below man and is certainly to be congratulated rather than commiserated on our thing—he doesn't have to send his collar to a laundry every week.—*London City*

Silver dimes of 1807 are worth thirty cents each. Ah, dear, it seems to us the last dime we had must have been somewhere along in that year. But it was only worth ten cents then, just our luck.—*Burlington Hawkeye*.

A colored man came into a Galveston newspaper office and wanted to subscribe to the paper. "How long do you want it?" asked the clerk. "Just as long as it is, boss; if it don't fit the shelves I kin 'tar a piece off myself."—*Texas Siftings*.

A ragged little girl in a London school was recently asked why Allah and Eve were turned out of Paradise. She promptly answered: "Because they didn't pay their rent." Her parents had been evicted for non-payment of rent several times within a few months.

"Boy!" he called as he snatched his fingers at a post office boot-black, "are you the lad I handed a dollar bill to yesterday to get changed, and you beat me out of thirteen cents?" "No, sir," "Look out!" "How do you know you ain't?" "Cause, do I look like a boy who'd bent you out of a shilling when I could walk off with the dollar?" Strange, you must have got hold of some poor little kid who's just begun business!—*Detroit Free Press*.

A well known oil producer told us yesterday of a rather good thing which occurred when he was a boy. He said several other chaps heard a poor woman in a miserable shanty praying for bread, and it was suggested that they procure a dozen loaves, and throw them down the chimney. "This was done, and after a while the boys knocked at the door and asked, 'Well, auntie, did the Lord send you any bread?' " "Yes, indeed," was the reply, "and he made the devil's child dress bring it."—*Oil City Derrick*.

An exchange contains an article entitled "How to Breathe." We didn't suppose there was so much ignorance on the world. When a man doesn't know how to breathe the best health resort for him is a lot in a cemetery. He would spoil if kept many days above ground.—*Norristown Herald*.

A book-agent went into a barber's shop and asked the proprietor if he could sell him an encyclopedia. "What is it like?" asked the barber. "It is a book that contains exhaustive information upon every subject in the world." "No," said the barber, with an injured air, "I don't need it."—*N. Y. Times*.

He Loved Her Still—Her voice was harsh and she frowned all day. Till the man was crazy, as one may say. From noon till night it was chin, chin, chin, And people who couldn't help hearing the din Knew well that the man had a cross to bear, And he cried in the depths of his wild despair: "I've loved, I've loved her through good and ill, And with all her faults I love her still!"—*Boston Courier*.

TRICKS OF THE TRADE.

How Long-Named French Dishes Retain Their Names.

"There is where we make our loss," said a hotel keeper speaking of the culinary department to a *Food* reporter. "It has to be watched closer than any other branch of business."

"Where do you get all these dishes with French names? Do you suppose anybody knows what they're ordering when they pick one out?"

"That's one of the tricks of the trade. Don't mention it. I'll put you on. The secret is, the thing is that it saves a good deal. If we get up a bill for dinner full of French names, nine out of ten persons will puzzle over it for a minute or two and then order a plain dinner of meat and vegetables. These fancy dishes cost a good deal because they are rare and require a vast amount of sea-curing, spices, etc., and must be carefully made by a special cook. If, yes, we have them, that is, some of them. You may find several down on the bill that are not made up at all. If we happen to have a call for any one of these particular dishes, the waiter returns with an apology and the information that it is all gone. You see we keep up our reputation, make a big spread on the bill of fare, feed the people on meat and vegetables, and if the guest is not exactly satisfied he goes up from the table kicking himself because he hadn't been raised in France or the Black Hills and couldn't read what was set before him. He'll probably go away and tell his friends about the delicious French dinner we set up. Say," he continued as he directed a waiter to the dining room, "did you ever see a lot of olives or saucers or any of those expensive relishes on the table unmarked, or a dish of nuts set before you without a card cracker? I thought you had. I know you have if you ever took a meal here when I didn't know you were around. You see if we unmarked those things the people would eat them; if we don't they can't get inside of them, and it's hard work to get a busy waiter to do it before you're through your dinner and crying for pie. Any way only one person in a hundred is likely to want to appear greedy enough to taste everything. There's only one person that will do it, and that is a woman. Take a woman away from home and she'll taste everything set before her. She just tastes to be tasting—to see how other people make things, you know, and then she'll go back home and talk till the next trip about that perfectly lovely jelly, or that horrid catsup. Come around and take dinner with us to-morrow."—*Detroit Post*.

—Lebanon Theological Seminary (Cumberland Presbyterian) at Lebanon, Tenn., will turn out thirteen preachers this year.

ROSE & CO.,

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

Rosser Av., Brandon,

(NEXT DOOR TO IMPERIAL BANK)

PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

SPICES,

PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES

A lot of Pears' Soap just received

A competent dispenser on hand night & day

HEALTH FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT.

THE PILLS

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the

LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all Ages. For children and the aged they are priceless.

THE OINTMENT

Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Urinary it has no equal.

For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds.

Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas Holloway's Establishment.

78, NEW OXFORD STREET (late 531 OXFORD STREET, LONDON.)

And are sold at 1/4, 2/6, 3/4, 4/6, 5/6, 1/2, 2/2, and 3/4 each Box or Pot, and may be had of Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

26° Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 531, Oxford St., London, they are spurious.

BLOOD BITTERS
 Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scalds, Erysipelas, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Deranged Stomach, or irregular action of the Bowels.

THE LAND QUESTION.

It is a matter for much regret, and certainly one of serious import to the Conservative party in this province, that the local premier has taken the ground upon the Land question he has held through with varying force during the past five years. It has been the means of furnishing the first party with a ready-made argument, and even this might be a matter of minor consequence, if the position was at all tenable. The local Premier's contention is that because all the other provinces of Confederation, with the exception of Prince Edward Island, are possessed of lands, in varying areas though it be; and that because the British North America Act says that Provinces yet to be created are to be placed on the same status with the four old ones, therefore the new provinces should be possessed of all the domain within their boundaries. The argument has not a leg to stand on, and the light of history fully proves it. The title of the Hudson's Bay Company to the possession of the Northwest, secured virtually during the reign of Charles II., and the moment in the consideration of the question in short it was regarded as nothing more than one of possession when the Canadian government purchased the territory—and the Dominion Government has its claim on other and more unquestionable grounds. However, before the territory was ceded to Canada in 1870, it was thought better to extinguish even the title of possession and for that \$1,500,000 was paid and the one-twentieth of the land was given. On receipt the Hudson's Bay Company transferred their entire interest to the Imperial government, and the latter handed the territory over to Canada. The Canadian government then got possession by both the Hudson's Bay Company and the Imperial government. Neither will it be disputed that by the treaty of Paris in 1763, the whole of the Canadian Northwest fell into the undisputed right of Great Britain. This placed the lands in the hands of either the Imperial government or the Hudson's Bay Company, and if into those of the latter their transference to the former in 1870, constituted the Home government in their indisputed right, when ceding them to Canada. These circumstances place the Canadian government in the same column to the lands of the Northwest that the Imperial Government bore to the lands of the other provinces when they gave the latter their provincial forms of government. It can be proved that Great Britain gave the older provinces all the lands within their boundaries when giving them their forms of government, and even Manitoba its lands in 1870, but if the reverse of this can be shown it destroys all the arguments Mr. Norquay and the Grits of Manitoba have been setting up for the past six years in this particular. Now, what are the facts? If we go back to the history of New Brunswick in 1853, we find the lands of that province were up to that time administered by the Imperial officer, though New Brunswick had had 45 years of provincial government, and the lands were only given to the provincial government when the latter agreed to pay \$50,000 a year for them, or assume a liability of that amount to that extent.

true that Mr. Norquay all along contended the lands belonged to Manitoba, and so far as the result of the recent elections has damaged the Conservative party because of the land question, the party has no one but Mr. Norquay and his satellites to blame for it.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

We had a word of explanation to make as to the manner in which the contests in the Brandon were conducted, but we refrained from saying anything, for obvious reasons, until the elections were over. The substance is that on the Conservative side, a few wire pullers were allowed to manufacture the candidates, and we now have the result, a defeat in the one division with at least 75 of a Conservative majority in the division, and what may, with a recount, turn out to be a defeat in the other with a Conservative majority of at least double that number. The convention system is the proper one when it is properly conducted; but when it becomes a machine in the hands of interested wire pullers as was the case here, nothing but the results, before us need be expected. We have frequently dealt with the case in West Brandon—Grits put on the delegation because it was known they would support Mr. Kirchhoff on personal grounds, and others of the delegates selected, manipulated by outsiders under obligations to the Norquay government, to secure the nomination for Mr. Kirchhoff, a slavish supporter of the Government.

In the East, again, the wire pullers were at work. Mr. Cliffe was in the field, and Mr. Daly, a gentleman from whom the public might expect better, worked against him on the ground "he did not dress well enough and his personal appearance was against him." Well, Mr. Cliffe, boom or no boom, has invariably paid 100 cents on the \$, bought his own fine wood and paid for it, and if this prevents him from wearing the airs that are essential in an ideal candidate for Mr. Daly, the misfortune cannot now be helped. He has invariably made it a point to so store his mind with information that he might speak and write intelligently on every question that comes before the public, and to deal fairly with his fellow men, and is prepared to sink or swim on such a record, in the hands of a discriminating public. In the eyes of Mr. Leacock, Mr. Ashdown is a "pretty dicker," because he rose by his own industry, and in the eyes of some of our western aristocracy a dressed up stick that will vote once for Norquay, when he is right, and twice when he is wrong, is preferable to an industrious citizen. Let the people consider such matters on their merits.

The MAIL, too, has taken a stand on political matters that the results prove to have been in perfect harmony with public sentiment, and to that reason a few gentlemen in the city, indebted to the Norquay government for personal favors, and who were selected as delegates, considered it their duty to stamp the independence of Mr. Cliffe and the MAIL out of existence; but they have reckoned with our their host, and country delegates who were influenced to vote against Mr. Cliffe on the convention, by the wire pullers, do not now hesitate to say that had he been the candidate, he could have carried the constituency. As it was, Conservatives, who are opposed to the Norquay government that elected Mr. Smart, it is a clear case, if the constituency is ever to be reclaimed, it can only be by a candidate squarely opposed to that government.

We all along contended the policy of the Norquay government was not in harmony with the wishes of the Conservative party, much less with the wishes of the general public, and that if the country was to be retained in the hands of the Liberal Conservative party, it could only be by looking up other leaders. If the delegates at the convention had only expressed the sentiments of their inmost convictions, this could have been then and there accomplished. The argument was, however, wait till the elections are over. They are over now, and if the accounts do not place the Grits in power, Mr. Norquay and his colleagues will be ten times more than ever masters of the situation. With but three or four majority in the House, the party cannot afford to mount the displeasure of a single member of the cabinet, as the defection of one would pull down the whole fabric. As we have said, if the accounts do not place the Greenway faction in office, Mr. Norquay can laugh at all attempts of the Conservatives to displace him for the next four years.

We are convinced, however, that let the administration stand or fall, the next four years will not experience a repetition of the peccadilloes of the past; we are confident there will be many wholesome changes, but it is not Norquayism, but the clipping of its wings by the electors that must be thanked for that.

We never denied the substitution of Greenway for Norquay, as it would only be the substitution of one sad calamity for another, but we believe there is plenty of good material in the country to form a suitable government without either. If it could not have been done on the Conservative basis, it could have been accomplished on the coalition plan, and all that the public want is a proper management of our public affairs. In the meantime but little more can be said. Matters must be allowed to drift for a time till they find their proper level.

We rather think Mr. Kirchhoff is getting out of conceit of his strength in Glenwood. In a speech in this city last winter, he told his audience Grits were so scarce in Glenwood that it took a hot house to produce one. As there are upwards of 250 resident voters in that municipality, and as it takes a hot house to produce a Grit, it is not a strange thing his majority there was less than 500. He used to tell the people he would have over 200 there. From the results it is quite apparent there was not a candidate before the convention in July last that would not have polled more votes than Mr. Kirchhoff polled. This is another illustration of the value of manipulated conventions.

The Independents of West Brandon will now see the value of a few independent representatives in the House. There are two there already and two more would virtually control the legislature, so nearly evenly balanced are the parties in the House. If there happens to be a new election in West Brandon, the Independents should see that they put a man in the field in good time.

NOMINATIONS AND MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS—ARTHUR.

Reeve, J. L. Campbell, acclamation.
Councillor, Ward 1, J. W. Henderson, accl.
" " " J. William Shuttan, " "
" " " G. E. Gale, " "
In Ward 2 the contest will be between Wm. Essina and Amos Snyder.

COUNTY SOURIS RETURNS.

	Alexander	Livingstone.
No. 1	23	24
2	36	40
3	41	49
4	15	34
5	20	19
6	23	13
7	18	6
8	22	19
9	22	9
10	22	9
Total	220	195

From non-official report, No. 4 division gave Mr. Livingstone a majority of five votes, leaving a majority of twenty-five votes for Mr. Alexander.

BRENDA MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Messrs. Logan, Salisbury and Castleman were nominated for reeve. Mr. Logan has retired leaving the field to Messrs. Salisbury and Castleman.

For Ward No. 1, the retiring councillors, Messrs. R. Greives and Macgiffin, were elected by acclamation.

For Ward No. 2, Messrs. Yeomans, Anderson and A. McGregor were nominated.

The new Deloraine at the end of the track is booming. A lively little town has sprung up. Although the roads are bad, neither sleighing nor wheeling, what is pausing in. On Tuesday Messrs. Woodworth & Co. bought three car loads, nearly two thousand bushels, for which \$2 cents per bushel was paid.

A large quantity of pork is coming to town, for which the farmers are receiving four cents per lb.

With railway facilities so convenient, Brenda will flourish.

With municipal and provincial elections there is quite a stir, both candidates working like Trojans. The dirt tactics have been scabbed and personal abuse of Mr. Alexander which have disgusted honorable men.

THE CIVIC ELECTIONS.

The result of Tuesday's contest are below:

	FOR MAYOR.	HUGHES.
Ward 1	50	44
" 2	81	30
" 3	50	43
" 4	22	10
	215	127

Majority for Adams, 88.

ALDERMEN.

Ward 1.		
A. Kelly	77	
G. Monro	60	
A. Trotter	49	
J. T. Arthur	20	
Ward 2.		
T. E. Kelly	109	
Dr. McDiamond	101	
T. Spence	44	
Ward 3.		
W. Alexander	73	
J. H. Hughes	63	
F. B. McKenzie	50	
Ward 4.		

Dr. Fleming and Ald. Anderson had no opposition and were elected.
In wards one, two and three the two first named were elected.

Shuttan had a happy way of looking at a field. When some one who was more impatient than cautious asked him how he managed to buy so many expensive things, he naively replied: "Why, I order them at the shop, and the shopkeeper puts something down in a book. I believe, and once in a while he speaks to me about it, and that's all I know."

ON THE RISE.

"Leaves have their time to fall," says the poet, but wild strawberry leaves are on the rise just now, being utilized in such enormous quantities in making Dr. Fowler's extract of wild strawberry the infallible remedy for cholera morbus, diarrhoea and other summer complaints.

LOST.

ON the seventh inst. between Glenora and Brandon, a cutter pole and whittetree. Any one finding same will be suitably rewarded on leaving at Fowler's stable.

DISSOLUTION

OF

PARTNERSHIP SALE.

ATKINSON & NATION'S

GIGANTIC STOCK

OF

\$40,000 DOLLARS WORTH \$40,000

OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING

FUR GOODS,

Gents' Furnishings,

BOOTS & SHOES

AND

ROCERIES,

THROWN ON THE MARKET.

You all know the kind of a stock we carry so that further comment is unnecessary.

The Stock has to be reduced at least \$25,000, by the Middle of February, and the finest Stock of Goods ever shown in Brandon has to be got rid of at the People's Prices.

Come everybody it will pay you, to the great sale now in full blast at

CHEAPSIDE.
Atkinson & Nation.

N. B.—All goods sold for cash only and all parties indebted to above are requested to settle at once.

Remarkable History.

HALIFAX, N.S., Dec. 2.—A bondslave, plotted in high social circles in Halifax this morning. It was the announcement of the separation of Professor Sumichrast from his wife, after fourteen years of married life, because he had come to the conclusion that, although legalized by law, his marriage was not in accordance with the laws of the church. The story connected with this case is one of the most romantic ever made public. Professor Sumichrast is a native of Hungary, and his people are among the most cultured Magyars. He graduated from the highest honors, and just after passing through college fell in love with a young French lady, and married in haste. The union was an unhappy one, and of short duration. They soon obtained an absolute divorce. Mr. Sumichrast left the scenes of his domestic misery and came to Canada. His wife soon married a French officer and went to Algiers. Mr. Sumichrast's abilities secured him the professorship of modern languages in King's College, Windsor. Henry Hind, the British expert witness before the fishery commission, was a fellow professor. The two men became great personal friends, and Mr. Hind soon learned Mr. Sumichrast's family history. Mr. Sumichrast had not long been in college before, aided by Mr. Hind, he mastered the French language. A room with Bishop Binney and the governors and a public school, and Mr. Sumichrast secured his connection with King's College. He moved to Halifax and became one of the foremost literary men and linguists of Canada, a master of modern and ancient languages, and moved in the highest social as well as literary circles. Meanwhile he had

FALL IN LOVE.

fallen in love with the widow of Lord Almon, of the British artillery, son of the Hon. M. B. Almon, a prominent politician, who enjoyed a handsome fortune. Before the marriage, Mr. Sumichrast frankly told Mrs. Almon the whole story of his previous marriage and divorce. She was perfectly satisfied. Mrs. Sumichrast was related by her first marriage to many of the oldest and wealthiest Halifax families. Some time ago, Mr. Sumichrast, backed by Bishop Binney, ex-mayor Tolson and Hon. Jas. Thompson, established a primary for young ladies. He was also appointed a governor of King's college. In connection with the primary and college, difficulties arose with Professor Hind, who is also a governor. Hind soon found that his position was untenable to the bishop. The other day two girls living in the house in which Rev. Mr. Hind resided, got into difficulties with the young men to whom they were engaged. Their home was the headquarters of the girls' friendly society, an institution for the preservation of the virtue of young girls, of which the bishop's wife is patroness. Rev. Mr. Hind thought the best thing to do under the circumstances was to get the girls married. He performed the ceremony, but did not report the facts to Bishop Binney. When Mrs. Binney found out about it she was enraged, and Rev. Mr. Hind politely intimated that his ministerial acts were none of her business. Thereupon the bishop peremptorily suspended his chaplain. Then some exceedingly nasty correspondence passed between Professor Hind and Bishop Binney, which ended in a suit in the supreme court. Professor Hind is alleged to have been for some time engaged in

GATHERING UP FACTS.

about Mr. Sumichrast's history in Europe, to have on hand for eventualities. This was supplied by an Edinburgh lawyer yesterday. Professor Hind sent circulars to all the judges of the divorce, bitterly attacking Bishop Binney, and charging him, in effect, with keeping at the head of the institution for educating the daughters of the clergy a man whom he knew for fourteen years had been living with a woman not his wife in the eye of the church, which does not recognize divorce. This produced a great sensation. Bishop Binney immediately sent for Mr. Sumichrast. The latter placed himself unreservedly in the bishop's hands. The summary was closed and a conference of the clergy and leading laity interested was summoned for this afternoon, when Mr. Sumichrast will make a full and frank statement of the whole facts of the case. Mr. Sumichrast had never heard from his first wife since he had been in this country, and supposed her dead, but Professor Hind's circular alleged that she was living three months ago. Two years since Mr. Sumichrast and his second wife became converted, and since then have taken the most active interest in religious work. He is a lay reader at St. Luke's Cathedral. He has embraced the most extreme and austere views on religion in relation to marriage and divorce, and on Tuesday night informed his wife No. 2, with whom he has lived happily for fourteen years, that they must separate. The news came like a thunderbolt on Mrs. Sumichrast, but, like a heroine, she agreed that while under the laws of the land their marriage was perfectly legal it was not sanctioned by the laws of God while No. 1 lives. She, therefore, left her happy home and went to the residence of Rev. J. E. Murray, rector of the cathedral. Her sister remained to keep house for Prof. Sumichrast. Mr. Sumichrast's life has been blameless for fifteen years, and there is not a stain upon his reputation or that of his second wife. They have the universal sympathy of the Halifaxians. The affair has produced the greatest social sensation for years, and future developments are anxiously awaited.

OFF WORK.

"was off work for two years, suffering from kidney disease, and could get no relief, until advised by a friend to try B.B.B. I was cured by two bottles, and consider it a marvellous cure." The above is the substance of a communication from Wm. Tier, of St. Mary's.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.**DR. LEBLANC'S FEMALE PILLS.**

These pills are compounded from the purest drugs from those only which are known to act on the generative organs in families. It is a well known fact that a very large proportion of the troubles to which females are liable are the direct result of suppressed or disordered menstruation, and it is necessary therefore that a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of these diseases be placed within the reach of every one. Dr. Leblanc's pills are the oldest, most generally used, and most reliable remedy for the cure of suppressed menstruation, and other uterine diseases, and wherever they have been introduced have driven every other remedy out of the market. They were first introduced into Paris, France, by Dr. Leblanc in 1830, and have gained the confidence of the public that they have for years been the standing remedy in every household. Ask any druggist for them. Ladies finding these pills failing to excite menstruation will be refunded their money in every case, but must not be taken during the first five months of pregnancy. The genuine can only be obtained from the sole agent, N.J. Malin, Chemist and Druggist, Medical Hall, Brandon, Man.

Agricultural Society Officers.**WEST BRANCH.**

President, Alex. Naismith, Millford; 1st vice, Alex. Carl, Grand; 2nd vice, R. H. Ferguson, Sutherland; secretary, Alex. Kelso, Roseberry; auditors, James Duncan, Glenburn, and James Dall, Grand; directors, James, Graham, Roseberry; Andrew Porteous, Littleton; R. H. Ferguson, Sutherland; F. Butcher, Glenburn; A. Carl, Grand; John Atkinson, Glenburn; A. Naismith, Wm. Ingram, Millford; John C. Smith, Gaitheles; and J. George Sturgeon, Stockton.

EAST BRANCH.

President, J. N. Kirchhoffer, Souris; 1st vice, Gilbert Wood, Souris; 2nd vice, Wm. Sharman, Souris; secretary, Jas. C. Stoyte, Souris; auditors, Grant Wood and John Dolan, Souris; directors, Gilbert Wood, Geo. A. Croshaw, J. N. Kirchhoffer, Wm. Sharman, Geo. McCulloch, Wm. K. George, Jas. McPherson, Henry R. Jameson, Jas. Thernot, and Jas. C. Stoyte, Souris.

In East Branch.

A year ago my head was covered with sores, and the eruption covered my face also, and spread even until the back of my hands were sore. I tried hundreds of remedies. Two bottles perfectly cured me. Statement of Miss Minnie Stevenson, Cochrane, N. B.

Drunkness, or the Liquor Habit, can be cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, excepting a very small portion of the dose. The patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wretch. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in secret without their knowledge, and they believe their drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects result from its administration. Guaranteed. Circulars and testimonials sent free. Address, DR. HAINES' SPECIFIC, P.O. Box 187, New York, U.S.A.

HO! FOR OVERCOATS AND FUR TRIMMINGS!

Great Reductions in the above lines at
G. N. Gilchrist's
for the
Next 30 Days.

BEAVER, OTTER, PERSIAN LAMB AND SEAL TRIMMING AT VERY CLOSE PRICES.

G. N. GILCHRIST.

THE CANADA NOR-WEST LAND CO. LIMITED.

Great Advantages OFFERED TO PURCHASERS. Shares Now Taken at PAR IN PAYMENT OF LANDS.

THIS Company is now enabled by Act of Parliament to accept its shares at par in payment for lands purchased after this date. As the shares can at present be bought at a considerable discount, those making purchases of land at once and reap great advantages. The Company's lands are situated at prices ranging from \$5 upwards, so that purchasers paying in shares at present quotations will secure their land at from \$2.50 upwards.

The Company's Sections have been carefully selected, and are all good agricultural lands, many of them in close proximity to Railway Stations. For price lists and further information, apply at the office of the Company in Winnipeg, or to

H. J. SKYNNER,
AGENT AT BRANDON.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday 7th January 1887, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, fortnightly each way, between Kinross (Manitoba House Township 22, Range 11, Manitoba) and Westbourne, on and from the 1st February next, on a route after that date an office can be established at Kinross, computed distance 60 miles. The conveyance to be made by horse and vehicle or dog team in winter, and by horse and vehicle or boat in summer, via Sandy Bay, Lakeside, and Totogon. The rate of travel to be not less than 22 miles per day. The courier to leave Westbourne every second Friday at seven a.m., arrive at Kinross on the following Tuesday at eight a.m., and leave Kinross on the following Thursday at eight a.m., arrive at Westbourne within thirty-three hours. Or if more suitable for persons tendering: Leave Kinross every second Wednesday at eight a.m., arrive at Westbourne within thirty-three (33) hours. Leave Westbourne on the following Friday at seven a.m., arrive at Kinross within thirty-three hours. Two wretches must become bonded with two contractors in the sum of \$500.00 for the proper performance of the work.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender obtained at the Post Office at Westbourne; from Mr. Hebron Moore, Manitoba House, or at this office. Post Office Inspector's Office, W. W. Malin, B.O.D., Winnipeg, 25th Nov., 1886. Post Office Inspector.

THE LADIES are requested to investigate for themselves.

SEWING MACHINES

MANUFACTURED IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA. FOR SALE BY

Smith & Shirriff,
9th St. BRANDON.

Celebrated Household.

well known to you all,
EASY RUNNING, PERFECT SHUTTLE, HIGH ARM, and twenty different reasons why it is the best.

Also the
WONDER OF CANADA, THE WANZER "C,"

OF HAMILTON, ONT., has taken all the first prizes throughout Canada.

WE DEFY COMPETITION IN MACHINES Prices & Terms.

Kind of Farm Implement for sale. Farmers call and see our new sleighs at

Smith & Shirriff's
9th St. Cochrane Mfg. Co., Old Stand Brandon.

A FEW FACTS FOR The Public

About eight months ago Mr. Hanbury went into business with Messrs. Parrish & Son, of this city. They carried on the grocery, grain and general feed business for about six months, and in that time, through the energy of Mr. Hanbury, he built up a trade in the grocery store, second to none in the city, and through the over-rush of business, found it impossible to give proper attention to both branches, and on the 17th of August last, Messrs. Parrish, Hanbury & Co. dissolved, Mr. Hanbury taking over the grocery business for himself, and since that time he has laid in a very

Large and Choice Stock of

GROCERIES,

consisting of a full line of **PICTON CANNED GOODS,** Christie, Brown & Co's.

Staple and Fancy BISCUITS,

FANCY SHELF GOODS

that are not to be found in any other store in Brandon. In fact, anything you may ask for in groceries and provisions will be found in stock.

Highest price paid farmers for Butter, Eggs, and all other produce, in cash.

Telephone connection.

1890.

1. O. L. Meats on the FIRST MONDAY IN EACH MONTH in their room, corner of 1st St. and Ross or Av. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

Wm. WILSON, Master.
E. H. MANCHESTER, Sec.

This is the first time any advertising has been done on my account.

I try to get a **Fair Profit.**

I never profess to **SELL GOODS** FOR **Less Than Cost.**

I came here to get a living, and you who wish more must go elsewhere.

W. H. Hooper.

Trotter & Trotter

BUGGIES AND OTHER RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND **—FOR SALE,—**

HORSES FOR HIRE

Freight on liberal terms a prominent feature of the business. Terms always reasonable and charges moderate. Stable.

6th STREET, BRANDON, OPPOSITE THE KELLY HOUSE.

WILSON & CARRICK.

Blacksmiths and Jobbers

West Side NINTH Street Between Ross and Princess streets.

BEST HORSE SHOERS IN THE CITY.

Repairing of All Kinds

DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

Gentlemen, give us a call.

WILSON & CARRICK.

N. B.—Wood work done with neatness and dispatch.



LIVERY.

JAMES S. GIBSON,

FIRST-CLASS RIGS, STYLISH HORSES.

Livery Sale and Feed STABLES.

DEALERS IN

Horses, Oxen, Wagons, Sleighs, Buggies, Cutters, &c.

Auction Sale!

—AT THE—
BRANDON REPOSITORY

Wednesday, Jan. 19, 1887

Of Horses, Horned Stock, Pigs, Poultry, Rolling Stock and Implements of every description.

These sales take place only on the first Wednesday of every month.

CHAS. PHILLIPS, Auctioneer.



Allen's Lung Balm is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the lungs, throat, and chest. It is especially adapted for the treatment of bronchitis, asthma, and consumption. It is sold by all druggists and chemists.

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CAMPBELL'S TONIC ELIXIR

This agreeable yet potent preparation is especially adapted for the treatment of all cases of debility, and of all forms of nervous and general weakness. It is sold by all druggists and chemists.

For Improved Blood, Loss of Appetite, Debility, and all other ailments, this Elixir is a valuable remedy. It is sold by all druggists and chemists.

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PAIN-KILLER

IS RECOMMENDED BY Physicians, Ministers, Musicians, and all who are afflicted with Pain. It is sold by all druggists and chemists.

For Improved Blood, Loss of Appetite, Debility, and all other ailments, this Elixir is a valuable remedy. It is sold by all druggists and chemists.

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For Improved Blood, Loss of Appetite, Debility, and all other ailments, this Elixir is a valuable remedy. It is sold by all druggists and chemists.

BANKRUPT SALE.

**Colossal Sale of Bankrupt Stock for the next
40 DAYS 40**

in the premises lately occupied by

CAMERON & CUMMING,

\$10,000 In Goods suitable for the Fall and Winter trade, all fresh and bought in the best markets. We have not purchased these Goods to look at. They must

ALL BE SOLD BY 1st JANUARY, 1887,
and to accomplish this we shall now begin the

GREATEST SLAUGHTER SALE

the Brandon world has ever known. Every department is filled with the best quality of goods in the markets, no cheap trash.

For the Ladies there are some very fine Costume Cloths which, to clear, we will sell at less than cost to us: Silks, Satins, Plushes, Fancy Wool Goods of every description.

Ribbons, Laces, Gloves, Mitts, Hosiery, Corsets, Mantles, Mantle Cloths and Furs of all kinds.

STAPLES.---Flannels, Yarns, Blankets, Tweeds, Ducks, Denims, Shirtings, Tickings, Cotton and Linens of all kinds.

GENT'S FURNISHINGS.---In short, every thing any well regulated man wants, from a Fur Coat to a Collar Button, at less than cost of production.

Largest stock of Crockery, China and Glassware outside of Winnipeg. Some beautiful goods in fine glass & china.

THEY MUST BE SACRIFICED.

Groceries are all Fresh and New.

This will be the **BONANZA EMPORIUM** for the next

40 DAYS AND 40 NIGHTS,

at **CAMERON & CUMMING'S** old stand, opposite Queen's Hotel.

C. E. MILLER & CO.

CLOSING UP SALE

EQUALIZATION!

**FARMERS AND CITIZENS,
READ CAREFULLY.**

OUR BANKRUPT STOCK, advertised above, offers the people of Brandon and vicinity the grandest picnic in the shape of a Cheap Sale they have had yet, and as I have only about \$8,000.00 left of the **COOMBS & STEWART** Stock, (which I bought for 65c. on the dollar) to be closed out, I will, to place this on an equal footing with our Bankrupt Stock,

Give 10 Per Cent. off all Present Prices

Excepting Groceries, Flannels and Cotton Goods, which I have purchased during the last week to assort. This last reduction at Coombs & Stewart's old stand Places Eighteen Thousand Dollars Worth of Stock at 15 per cent. Less than Cost of Production, and 40 per cent. Less than Regular Retail Prices.

If price is any object during these hard times, come and see what we have to offer before you spend a dollar as our prices are quite beyond any possibility of competition.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR BUTTER AND EGG.

C. E. MILLER.

Coombs & Stewart's Brick Block, corner Rosser Avenue and 9th Street.

